

Foundation Stage Long Term Overview



BEECO PRIMARY SOUNDS	Autumn	Autumn	Spring	Spring	Summer	Summer
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General	We Are	We are	We are	We can be	We are	We are
Themes	Starting in Reception Making Friends Looking after our environment Ourselves – what makes us unique Our Families Homes Exploring Woodley Maps Our Bodies Growth and change in ourselves Being healthy 5 senses Black History Month Celebrating Diversity Autumn Weather Planting bulbs Harvest Festival	Inquisitive! Celebrating different festivals:	Explorers Journeys and modes of Transport Different countries from around the world – A range of continents, places change yearly reflecting the cohort of children. Comparing these countries with the UK. Maps Celebrations: New Year (New Beginnings) Valentine's Day Pancake day Lunar New Year Space	Heroes People who help Us Superheroes Being Healthy Spring – new life / creation story Easter Planting seeds	Investigators Growth and change in plants Life cycles Farm animals Minibeasts and their habitats	Explorers Pirates Maps The seaside Summer Sun safety Underwater life Pollution and conservation.
Songs and Nursery Rhymes	I'm a Little Teapot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught A Fish Alive I have a body Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes Dingle Dangle Scarecrow 5 little men in a flying saucer Busy Farmer ben	Christmas Songs Teddy Bear's picnic One Two Buckle my shoe It's Raining, It's Pouring 5 Little Ducks	Wind The Bobbin Up Mulberry bush This Old man Alice the Camel Down In the Jungle One Elephant went out to play	The Grand Old Duke Of York Ring O' Roses Oranges and Lemons One Finger one Thumb 10 in the Bed Miss Polly had a dolly	Incy Wincy Spider 5 little Speckled Frogs Mary Mary Apples and Bannanas Baby Bumble Bee	Down By the Bay The Big Ship Sails You are my Sunshine 10 green bottles A Sailor went to Sea
'Wow Moments' / Enrichments	Woodley Scavenger Hunt Library visit Making 'woodland crumble'	Guy Fawkes / Bonfire Diwali Remembrance Day Christmas Nativity Singing at a care home in the community	Airport Valentine's day Making and tasting food from different cultures Lunar New Year National Storytelling week 28th Jan-5th Feb	Mother's Day World Book Day 3rd Easter STEM week - 11th-20th March	Trip/Experience in school Butterflies	Sports Day Pirate Day Beach Day

Role Play Area	Home	Walking to the post-office to send Christmas cards Decorating Home corner for different celebration	Pancake day Restaurant with foods from around the world.	Doctor's Surgery Vets	Bug Lab	Ice cream shop
		Frozen / Winter Wonderland	Menus			
Communication	Settling in activitiesMaking friends	Choose books that will develop their vocabulary.	Understands and demonstrates how to	Continue to develop understanding of how	• 'T4W' Jack and the Beanstalk	Performing seaside poemsOffering explanations for
and Language Whole EYFS Focus – C&L is developed throughout the year through high quality interactions, daily group discussions, PSED times, stories, singing, EYFS productions, Bucket Time intervention.	 Name games Talking about family and routines Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Following simple instructions. Social phrases – 'Good morning, how are you?' Small group discussions Expressing wants and needs – "Can I go to the toilet please? No, thank you I don't like that" Nursery rhymes Listening and responding to stories T4W – 3 little Pigs Daily story time 	 Listening and responding to stories T4W- 'We're Going on a Bear Hunt' 'Stickman' Retelling and acting out a story using story language. STEM sentences Nursery rhyme week Daily Story Time Introducing talk partners Encouraging children to ask and answer questions. Introducing scientific language e.g. freezing, melting, hibernation Build vocabulary which reflects breadth of experience Class discussions Expressing a point of view Nativity 	listen carefully and actively Following instructions with more steps Can listen to and talk about selected nonfiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. I can talk about similarities and differences between different places. Class and small group discussions STEM sentences Nursery rhymes Daily Story Time	and why questions and can apply these to a broader range of contexts e.g. stories and events. Retelling and acting out a story using story language. Meeting 'People who help us' and asking questions STEM sentences Able to follow a story without pictures or props Class and small group discussions Can listen carefully to songs and rhymes, paying attention to how they sound, such as noticing the rhythm, or that words rhyme. Nursery rhymes Daily Story Time Re-enacting superhero stories - video	 Conjunctions – First, next – linked to scientific vocabulary Nursery rhymes and singing Class and small group discussions Describing events in detail - recounting school trip events STEM sentences Daily story time End of year Assembly 	why things might happen. Secure in using past, present and future tenses — linking to Transition to Year 1 and talking about the experiences they have had at different points in the school year Nursery rhymes and singing Class and small group discussions Use recently introduced vocabulary in discussions, explanations and play. STEM sentences Daily story time End of year Assembly
Personal, Social	'Being Me in My World' (Building relationships, Self-	Celebrating difference Talking about own	Dreams and GoalsStaying motivated	Healthy MeUnderstanding what a	Relationships • My family	Changing Me Our Body
and Emotional	regulation) • Understanding what it	interests and accepting differences	when something is challenging	healthy choice is Know the importance	Making friendships and solving problems when	 Respecting our bodies – keeping fit and healthy
Development	feels like to belong • Knowing that we are all Unique • Making relationships with	FamiliesHouses and HomesMaking friends	 Never giving up – persevering when something is difficult Setting a goal 	of good physical exercise and healthy diet choices • Understand how sleep	they occur Falling out Bullying Being the best friend we	 Growing up Looking forward to change and transition Asking for help of you are
Managing Self Self regulation	classmates • Feelings – describing how they feel and recognising feelings in others	Independence: putting own coat / hats and gloves on	How to overcome obstacles and understanding how to support others.	and good hygiene can contribute to a healthy lifestyle.	can be – what makes a good friend	worried about change.

Making relationships Jigsaw	Following routines / taking turns in class Gentle hands – following instructions, understanding that their behaviour affects others Our rights Understanding what it means to be responsible. Establishing class rules and expectations Introducing consent curriculum Looking after Skye Anti-bullying Week Hand washing Colour monster – feelings Knowing that some actions and words can hurt others Kind hands and feet Handwashing: keep germ free using soap and water Covering coughs with hands or elbow to stop the spread of germs Washing hands after blowing nose Understanding what it means to be responsible.	• Identifying goals / job for the future Independence: doing up zip / buttons on coat / putting apron on correctly Healthy eating: Fruit kebabs/making a fruit smoothie Continue to develop understanding of the consent curriculum. Oral hygiene – linked to dentist 8th Feb – Online safety day Beings safe on the road in the dark	Independence: doing up zip / buttons on coat / putting apron on correctly Confident to use a knife and fork correctly	Being kind to living creatures	Transition to Year 1
Consent curriculum Regularly revisited throughout the year.	 We all have our own personal space, We can set personal boundaries that are comfortable for We can consent to activities that they take part in. Some things are not a choice – e.g. going to school, docto Lots of things are a choice – e.g. what you say, who you p It is ok to keep a 'surprise' (e.g. a birthday present for mu If you don't like something, keep telling until you get the NSPCC 'PANTS' rule – Autumn 1 and reviewed over the year 	ors, dentist and being safe lay with, being touched and to m) but we don't keep secrets help that you need.	ouching others.		
Physical Development Gross Motor	 Uses core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or on the floor. Can walk, crawl, roll, run, jump, hop, skip and climb with increasing fluency and control. Climbs stairs, steps and moves across climbing 	 Can confidently and s equipment on offer ir Runs with more fluen 	cy, avoiding obstacles. e with confidence and is	and agility needed to engag	rength, co-ordination, balance e successfully with future and other physical disciplines

- equipment using alternate feet.
- Maintains balance using hands and body to stabilize
- Runs with spatial awareness and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles
- Can balance on one foot or in a squat momentarily, shifting body weight to improve stability
- Can grasp and release with two hands to throw and catch a large ball or beanbag.
- Experiments with patting, pushing, kicking balls.
- Gain confidence on balance bikes.

- Chooses to move in a range of ways, moving freely and with confidence making changes to body shape, position and pace of movement (link to dance and gymnastics)
- Other moves (hopping, jumping etc) are more fluent and demonstrate developing control and
- Independently uses climbing equipment, e.g. the obstacle course to travel with confidence and skill around, under, over and through.
- Throws balls in the direction of a target/peer, with increasing accuracy

- including dance, gymnastics and sport.
- Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.
- Develops confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.
- Joins in with team games during PE lessons to help develop and practise skills
- Begins to copy simple dance patterns with increasing confidence e.g. 'Go Noodle'

Gross Motor ELG

• ELG - Negotiates space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.

			balls Use their core muscle	trol when patting,	 ELG - Demonstrates strength, balance and coordinatio when playing. ELG - Moves energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. 	
PE Get Set 4 P.E.	Introduction to PE To move around safely in space To follow instructions and stop safely To develop control whilst using equipment To follow instructions and play safely in a group To follow a path and take turns To work co-operatively with a partner	Fundamentals Develop co-ordination and create own movements (Firework dancing) To develop balancing To develop running and stopping To develop changing direction To develop jumping To develop hopping To explore different ways to travel over equipment	Dance To copy, repeat and explore actions in response to a theme To explore and remember actions in response to level, shape, direction. To explore movement using a prop, with control and coordination To move with control and coordination, expressing ideas through movement. To remember and repeat actions moving in time with the music. To explore actions in response to a theme and begin to use counts.	Gymnastics To create short sequences using shapes, balances and travelling actions. To develop balancing and safely using apparatus. To develop jumping and landing safely from a height. To develop rocking and rolling. To explore travelling around, over and through apparatus. To create sequences using apparatus.	Ball Skills To develop rolling a ball to a target. To develop stopping a rolling ball. To develop accuracy when throwing to a target. To develop bouncing and catching a ball. To develop dribbling a ball with your feet. To develop kicking a ball.	Games Sports day practice To work safely and develop running and stopping. To develop throwing and learn how to keep score To be able to play games showing an understanding of the different roles within it. To follow instructions and move safely when playing tagging games. To work co-operatively and learn to take turns. To work with others to play team games.
Fine Motor	safely and confidently, so hairbrushes, toothbrush. Holds scissors effectively may need support to cut Experiences using a knife	to make snips in paper but around objects.	independence.	n-palmer) pencil grip ut a simple shape	beginning of a sentence - letters to start a sentence	of a handwriting style which is nt. alphabet with correct

and elbow (B5M)

Developing pencil grip - Holds pencil between thumb

and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp or

with increasing confidence and accuracy.

Draws simple pictures which can be recognised by

themselves and others, e.g. face, person, cat, house.

Working towards or using a tripod grip.

control.

Uses scissors with effective hand-positioning and with

	thumb and uses it with a Copies letters when writ	petween first two fingers and good control. ing name or attempting to ords (not correct formation).			Adds detail to drawings, whouse. ELG – Fine Motor Holds a pencil effectively writing – using the tripod Uses a range of small too paintbrushes and cutlery Begins to show accuracy and of the state of	grip in almost all cases ols, including scissors,
Literacy Key texts to act as a stimulus	This is Me The Three Little Pigs Rosie's Walk Room on the broom	We're Going on a Bear Hunt Stick Man	Emily Jane's Aeroplane Malala's Magic Pencil The Ugly Five	Supertato A Superhero like You Zog and the flying doctors	Jack and the Beanstalk Betsy Buglove Saved the bees The Gigantic Jam Sandwich	The Big Blue Billy and the pirates Barry The Fish with Fingers The fish who could wish.
Author Focus (High presence in the book corner and as a voting story time option)	Julia Donaldson	Rachel Bright	Oliver Jeffers	Joseph Coelho	Eric Carle	Nadia Shireen
Comprehension	Show preference for a book, song or rhyme Can recall a key event in a story Listens carefully to stories, rhymes, nonfiction and songs, (1:1 and in small groups). Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. Begins to identify characters in the story Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment Begins to act out familiar stories in play	 Can recall the key events in stories and facts from nonfiction Listens carefully to stories, rhymes, non-fiction and songs, (1:1 and in small groups). Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories. Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured. Can talk about what has happened in the story so far. Describes setting and principal characters. Acts out familiar stories in play using vocabulary from the story. 	 Can use vocabulary that is influenced by their experiences of books in play. Suggests how the story might end. Can answer a range of questions about a story. Can sequence a familiar story using images. Can retell a story using vocabulary from the story. 	 Can use vocabulary that is influenced by their experiences of books in play. Suggests how the story might end. Can answer a range of questions about a story. Can sequence a familiar story using images. Can retell a story using vocabulary from the story. Can demonstrate understanding when talking about what they have read Can repeat words or phrases to check my reading- rereading 	I am beginning to notice if my reading makes sense I think about what I already know to help me with my reading I can say rhymes by heart I can sometimes notice errors I know that illustrations can help me make sense of my reading	Demonstrates an understanding of what has been read to me by retelling stories and narratives using my own words and recently introduced vocabulary (ELG) Can use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during roleplay (ELG)

Word Reading Read Write Inc.	Phonic Sounds: RWI (Set 1) Whole class Handling books correctly Follow print left to right, top to bottom Can locate the title and blurb Segment and blend words orally •	Beginning to understand that information can be drawn from books. Can answer 'why' questions Phonic Sounds: RWI Differentiated groups – Set 1 Link most sounds to letters Read most Set 1 letter sounds Beginning to blend and segment in order to read vc an CVC words Introduce tricky red words – set 1 Recognise rhyming words	Phonic Sounds: RWI Differentiated groups I can locate and recall the title I can read some tricky red words – set 1 Can link all sounds to letters Can read simple words by blending sounds Check what I read makes sense and sounds right Beginning to read some letter groups (digraphs) and say one sound for them. Read Ditties	Phonic Sounds: RWI Differentiated groups Read and understand simple sentences I can use phonic knowledge to read and decode regular words Read all set 1 red words I can re-read what I have written and check that it has all of the sounds I hear, as well as makes sense. I can read some letter groups (digraphs and trigraphs) and say one sound for them. Read Red books Read some set 2 red words and confidently read set 1 tricky words Begins to recognise some written names of peers, siblings or	Phonic Sounds: RWI Differentiated groups Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet Read at least 10 digraphs (ELG) Can read words consistent with my phonic knowledge by sound blending (ELG) Read Red and Green books	Phonic Sounds: RWI Differentiated groups I can read words consistent with my phonic knowledge by sound blending (ELG) I can re-read books showing increased accuracy and fluency Read Green and Purple books
Writing	Finding dominant hand Working towards tripod grip Mark making opportunities in CP Name writing Giving meaning to marks Writing initial sounds Use initial sounds to label characters / images. Writing for a purpose in role play Drawing and labelling walk to school Drawing a map of Woodley	Name writing, labelling, Writing firework sounds Own version of 'Bear Hunt' story map Where is ted? (Positional phrases) Stickman labelling Christmas card writing Writing tricky words such as I, me, my, was to, the. Writing CVC words Writing for a purpose in role play Introduce red words — the, I	Writing recipes (Making pizza) Writing CVC, CVCC, CCVC words. Writing captions Writing lists Writing letters (To the alien) Writing for a purpose in role play Writing opportunities in CP	'mummy/daddy'. • Form most lower case and some upper case correctly • Creating own story maps, • Writing captions and labels, • Character descriptions • Writing short sentences. • Wanted poster (Evil Pea) • Writing for a purpose in role play • Writing opportunities in CP —	Labels and captions – life cycles Beginning to use full stops Writing sentences to retell story Jack and the Beanstalk – Giant Character description Describing insects – making a non-fiction book Writing for a purpose in role play Writing opportunities in CP (Using familiar texts as a model for writing own stories – writing own fairy tales)	Map making labelling – pirates Wanted poster (Character description – pirates) Seaside poems Writing sentences - beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces Non-fiction – writing facts (sea creatures) Writing a letter to their new teacher

Maths (Whiterose Units) White Rose Maths	Writing a shopping list Writing recipe instructions (Pumpkin soup) Matching Sorting Comparing amounts Compare size/mass/capacity Exploring patterns	Writing opportunities in CP Representing and comparing 1,2,3 Composition of 1,2,3 Circles and triangles & Spatial awareness The number 4/ The number 5 One more one less Comparing shapes Night and day routines/time)	 Zero and comparing numbers to 5 Composition of 4 and 5 Mass and capacity Learning about 6,7 and 8 Pairs and combining groups to 10 Length and height 	e.g. superhero peech bubbles • 9 and 10 • Comparing numbers to 10 • Number bonds to 10 • 3D shape • Consolidation	Building numbers beyond 10 Counting patterns/spatial reasoning Adding more Taking away	Doubles Sharing and grouping Odd and Even Spatial reasoning Deepening understanding (x2 weeks) Patterns Consolidation
Maths Knowledge and skills	is needed subitise different arrangements structured, including using the make different arrangements about what they can see, to subitising skills spot smaller numbers 'hiding' connect quantities and numexplore different ways of refingers hear and join in with the couthis to the 'staircase' pattern seeing that each number is revious number develop counting skills and keeps the subject of the second stills and keeps the subject of the second stills and keeps the subject of the second stills and keeps the subject of the su	the Hungarian number frame of numbers within 5 and talk develop their conceptual of inside larger numbers bers to finger patterns and presenting numbers on their unting sequence, and connect to of the counting numbers, made of one more than the sus 'how many' (cardinality); ach thing must be counted by order; the need for 1:1 ding that anything can be and sounds matching	continue to develop the numbers within and be connect quantities to n begin to identify missing within 5 explore the structure of '5 and a bit' and connect and the Hungarian num focus on equal and une comparing numbers understand that two eq a 'double' and connect sort odd and even num 'shape' continue to develop the counting sequence and ordinality through the 's order numbers and play join in with verbal coun the repeated pattern would numbers	yond 5, and increasingly umerals grarts for numbers grarts for numbers the numbers 6 and 7 as this to finger patterns ber frame qual groups when ual groups can be called this to finger patterns bers according to their ir understanding of the link cardinality and staircase' pattern or track games to beyond 20, hearing	continue to develop their larger sets as well as countered explore a range of represe including the 10-frame, and arranged in a 10-frame compare quantities and numbers which have different continue to develop a sens knowing that 8 is quite a lot little bit more than 2 begin to generalise about 'outhan' numbers within 10 continue to identify when when counting is necessary develop conceptual subitis using a rekenrek	ting actions and sounds ntations of numbers, see how doubles can be imbers, including sets of attributes se of magnitude, e.g. more than 2, but 4 is only a ne more than' and 'one less sets can be subitised and
Knowledge and Understanding of the World	Know what a year is and what year we are in Name months of year Know and name the four seasons.	Talk about significant events in their own experience Begin to develop understanding that people have different beliefs and	What do we need to travel? Understanding and naming different modes of transport and what they are used for.	Understand that there are many different people that help us in the community and the different roles they play.	 What does a plant need to grow? Noticing growth, change and decay in plants Parts of a plant Caring for seedlings 	Understanding more about signs of Summer and how the season changes from spring to summer (change in weather etc)

	Know why the seasons change To spot and name different types of weather. Identifying members of their family and understand there are different types of family. Can talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family. Can draw similarities and make comparisons between other families e.g blended families / adopted / fostered Identify different types of homes Describe their home Identify where we live – in England, UK Discover amenities in Woodley Begin to use maps to visualise a familiar journey – e.g. walk to school / Woodley. Name and locate parts of the body. Know it is important to look after my body Can explain how I have changed since I was born. Know I will grow and develop into an adult (life cycle of a human) Can name the 5 senses Celebrating differences –	celebrate special times in different ways: To learn about different holidays and celebrations and why are they important to different people (Diwali, Christmas, Rememberance Day, Bonfire Night) Understanding more about signs of autumn (changing colour of leaves, animals that hibernate etc). Learn about woodland habitats, linked to understanding which animals are nocturnal and which animals hibernate. Comparing old and new teddies Exploring the forces of push and pull.	 Dressing for hot and cold climates Begin to understand that there are other countries in the world Explore other countries through images, video clips, shared texts and other resources and compare to life in the UK. (Countries that reflect the countries of our class) To learn about different holidays and celebrations and why are they important to different people (New Year, Lunar New Year, Valentines Day, Pancake Day). Understanding more about signs of winter and how the season changes from autumn to winter (bare trees, changes in weather, ice) Changes in materials (making pizza) 	Learn about and ahve visits from. (Doctors, police, fireman, dentist) Dental hygiene and why we need to look after our teeth. Understanding more about signs of Spring and how the season changes from winter to spring (new life, growth (flowers, leaves on trees, changes in weather) What does a plant need to grow? To learn about different holidays and celebrations and why are they important to different people (Easter, Ramadam)	Name minibeasts and learn what an insect is, explore different minibeast habitats. Compare and classify minibeastss. Learn about what a life cycle is and explore the life cycle of a butterfly – real life butterflies. Understanding that animals have baby animals and that these sometimes look the same and sometimes look different. To learn about different holidays and celebrations and why are they important to different people (Eid-Al Fitr)	 Identifying the coast on a map and looking at features of the seaside. Comparing seaside holidays past and present. Exploring what floats and what sinks. What materials are magnetic and why? Learning about underwater habitats and the animals that live there. Begin to learn about conservation and the effects of water pollution.
Expressive Arts	being unique Chn sing to themselves and begin to build a repertoire of	Chn sing to themselves and begin to build a repertoire of	Children continue to build a repertoire of	Children continue to build a repertoire of	Continue to build a repertoire of simple poems.	ELG: Sing a range of well- known nursery rhymes and
and Design –	simple songs inc. nursery rhymes.	simple songs inc. nursery rhymes.	songs.	songs.	ELG: Sing a range of well-	songs.
Being	Chn move in response to music	Begin to develop an	Explore changing the words to make up their	Begin to build a repertoire of simple	known nursery rhymes and songs.	ELG - Perform songs, rhymes and poems with others
_	(e.g. using different movements for different	understanding of how to move in time.	own versions of songs Chn explore how sounds	poems. Chn continue to build a	ELG - Perform songs, rhymes	Begin to explore with different
Imaginative	sounds)	Chn begin to make up rhythms	can be changed and how	repertoire of dances by	and poems with others <u>ELG -</u> when appropriate try to	pitch – high and low. ELG - when appropriate try to
	Chn enjoy exploring the different sounds of instruments. Chn begin to develop a	Chn can tap out a repeated rhythm. Chn build stories around props	different sounds can be made by playing an instrument differently. Chn introduce a	replicating choreographed dances, such as pop songs and traditional dances from	move in time with music. ELG - when appropriate try to move in time with music.	move in time with music. ELG - when appropriate try to move in time with music. ELG- Chn invent. adapt and

narrative or storyline

around the world.

ELG- Chn invent, adapt and

ELG- Chn invent, adapt and

recount narratives and stories

e.g. farm animals needing

preference for forms of

	expression. Chn join in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories Chn are able to recount a simple event or a significant experience e.g Christmas / Birthday. Chn use puppet and figure to retell familiar stories. Notices what adults do, imitating what is observed and then doing it spontaneously when the adult is not there.	rescuing from an armchair 'cliff'. They play alongside other chn engaged in the same play. Chn use puppet and figure to retell familiar stories.	into their play. Chn play cooperatively as part of a group to act out a familiar narrative	Chn explore how sounds can be changed and how different sounds can be made by playing an instrument differently. Chn are able to use a story map to support them in recounting a familiar story during role play or small world play. Chn are able to recount a simple event or a significant experience e.g Christmas / Birthday with increasing detail and accuracy.	recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher; ELG – Perform stories and (other narratives) with others	with peers and their teacher; ELG – Perform stories and (other narratives) with others
Expressive Art and Design –	Chn understand that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to represent objects.	Chooses particular colours for a specific purpose 'e,g. Green grass'.	Children's drawing skills become more refined – e.g. people have hands and fingers / houses may	Children build on their observational skills and are encouraged to look more closely at objects and think	-Produce lines of different thickness and tone when using a pencil	ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and
Creating with	Children draw simple representations of people, objects and events.	Children draw simple representations of people, objects and events.	have doors and windows. Chn begin to explore how colours can be changed	about the shape, size and details that they can see when drawing. Begins to notice how using	-Start to produce different patterns and textures from observations, imagination and illustrations	techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
Materials Use a range of drawing materials such as fingers, pencils, chalk, felt tips and wax crayons (on going)	Begins to explore adding sand or other materials to change the texture of paint.	Use glue spatulas to stick Begins to develop scissor skills	when painting independently and talk to an adult about what they notice.	different application methods affect the texture of their painting.	ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form	-Understand how adding white or black will affect the tone of the paint colour.
Work on a range of materials of different textures (e.g. playground, bark) - ongoing Children begin to capture their experiences and ideas through	USe glue sticks and glue sponges to stick. Begins to develop fine motor	to cut Chn begin to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces	Joins items which have been cut, torn or glued. Expresses their thoughts and ideas with collage	Tears with greater accuracy Uses scissors to cut with greater accuracy Makes independent choices about the materials that they will use to create	and function. Have opportunities to experiment with mixing colours and have conversations with adults and peers around how to create new colours	ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function;
paint (on-going). Use different forms of 'paint,' such as mud and puddles, creating a range of artwork both abstract and figurative (on going)	Explores pushing, pulling and twisting a range of modelling materials to affect the shape – e.g. playdough/ clay.	Joins construction pieces together to build and balance. Focus Artist: Kandinsky	Makes independent choices about the materials that they will use to create their sculptures. Begins to experiment to create texture – e.g. using	their sculptures. Begins to experiment to create texture – e.g. using tools in clay Focus Artist: Roy	Makes collages and mosaics by sorting and arranging different materials Tears and cuts with accuracy	ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function;
Explore paint including different application methods (fingers, splatter, natural materials, paintbrushes, q-tips, sponges) - ongoing	Begins to experiment with joining materials in different ways. Realises tools can be used for a		tools in clay Focus Art: Truck art from Pakistan	Lichtenstein	ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function;	ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function;
Chn use various construction materials (natural, junk-modelling, resources from the construction area) to create child-led 3d forms (on-going)	purpose. Children begin to capture their experiences and ideas through sculpture and 3d modelling.				ELG: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function	Children construct with a purpose in mind to achieve a planned effect. Children manipulate materials,

	Focus Artist: Frank Bowling				Focus Artist: Matisse	using different tools and techniques, to achieve a planned effect. Focus Artist: Alfred Wallis
Music GetSet4Music Get Set 4 Education	All About me To listen to music and respond with how the music makes me feel. To move my body to the music and play an instrument using a rhythm. To use my voice to speak and to sing and know how they are different. To use my singing voice to sing with others and begin to match pitch with movement. To keep a steady pulse and copy simple rhythms on an instrument. To explore instruments, match sounds and create music to show an emotion.	Nursery Rhymes To explore pitch To explore using instruments To explore music through movement considering pulse, tempo and pitch To explore changes in dynamics using instruments and voice. To identify instruments and their sounds to create sound effects To create new verses to songs and combine with movement.	All around the world To listen to music, describing instruments, dynamics and tempo To keep a steady beat, exploring contrasts in dynamics and tempo. To identify and match instrumental sounds and talk about the music I hear. To copy and perform simple dance steps. To listen to the beat of the pulse and move in time to it. To copy simple rhythm patterns on an instrument.	Traditional Tales To move in time with the music and copy simple rhythms. To create short rhythms and play music with others To co-ordinate simple actions to accompany singing. To sing and play loudly, quietly, quickly and slowly. To create a sequence of sounds. To combine movement, singing and playing	Mini-Beasts To listen to music and respond by talking, moving and mark making. To develop the singing voice and create simple actions to accompany song. To play percussion instruments to accompany a song. To respond appropriately to written symbols and create simple rhythms. To make comparisons about music. To create music based on a theme	Deep Blue Sea To sing alone and with others with an awareness of pitch. To move to music and respond appropriately to different sounds. To explore different sounds made by instruments and describe sounds referring to timbre. To develop an awareness of a steady beat. To copy and create simple rhythms. To respond appropriately to written symbols.
Computing	Technology around us.	Make marks on a digital device to communicate their ideas	Technology Identify everyday technology: links to technology at home Talk about how everyday technology is controlled Use a package to produce a picture on screen.	Technology To understand the basic functions of an iPad (home button, lock button and volume buttons Understand that 'output' is the result of a trigger (pressing the play button) — children take a photo	Technology Using iPads - To navigate their way around an iPad and operate several apps confidently Control a programmable toy around a maze. To visit the computer room and learn how to log-on to the computers	Technology • To log-on • To write their name on a word document

	Control a programmable toy	and record each other saying what they want to be when they grow up.						
Online safety								
	To tell an adult if they see something on a digital device that upsets them							
To know not to give out a	To know not to give out any information about themselves							
To know that not everyth	ng they see on the internet is true							